

Fire Response in Senior Care Facilities

Fire and smoke can cause significant amounts of damage as well as potential injuries and deaths in senior care facilities. Several elements can contribute to the spread of fires and dangerous smoke and hot gases in the air, including oxygen deficiencies, flammable gases, plastics, volatile chemicals, and other hazards.

Senior care facilities are built to protect all residents, including those who are not capable of self-preservation. Building construction and fire prevention codes, automatic detection systems, fire suppression systems, and training for staff members are all essential elements that facilities need to have in place to prevent fires. Additionally, knowing how to respond to a fire and/or smoke condition is paramount to avoid serious injuries and potentially death to residents, visitors, and staff members.

Senior care facilities should develop comprehensive fire response plans or fire safety and evacuation plans that detail specific responsibilities and protocols. The following checklist contains numerous critical aspects that these plans should include. Facility leaders and staff members can use this tool to help assess their planning and response efforts.

	Yes	No
Fire Response/Fire Safety Plan		
Has your facility established a comprehensive written fire response plan or fire safety and evacuation plan?		
Does the plan identify a predesignated emergency operations center and back-up location?		
Does the plan review RACE (Rescue, Alarm, Confine/Contain, Extinguish/ Evacuate) and PASS (Pull the pin, Aim at the base of the fire, Squeeze the handles, Sweep back and forth at the base of the fire)?		

	Yes	No
Fire Response/Fire Safety Plan (continued)		
Does the plan specify to close all resident doors, corridor doors, and windows and to shut off portable fans in case of a fire?		
Does the plan specify where the fire department primarily responds?		
Does the plan specify an internal emergency number for staff members to call to relay the department/location and size of the fire before calling 911?		
Does the plan include prewritten approval from the fire marshal for silencing the fire alarm once the situation is deemed "under control" by the responding agency(ies)?		
Does the plan address residents that will not leave their rooms?		
Does the plan address what to do in the event of a lithium-ion battery fire?		
Does the plan include removing all items from the corridors?		
Does the plan include the fire marshal/fire department conducting regularly scheduled tours of the senior care facility, observing, and providing feedback on fire drills?		
Does the plan specify sources of ignition that should not be permitted in rooms where residents are receiving oxygen therapy?		
Does the plan clearly identify all areas in which smoking is prohibited?		
Does the plan define general safety actions, such as stay low to avoid inhaling smoke and products of combustion, feel closed doors for heat, and taking appropriate actions if there is more smoke on the other side of the fire/smoke barrier door(s)?		
Does the plan include specific procedures for:		
 People in the immediate area of the fire versus those away from the fire? 		
Fire response team members?		
Healthcare providers, dental providers, and volunteers?		
 Handling disabled, behavioral health, and bariatric residents? 		

	Yes	No
Fire Response/Fire Safety Plan (continued)		
Boiler room safety (if applicable)?		
Mechanical room safety (if applicable)?		
Electrical room safety (if applicable)?		
Loading/storage area safety?		
Interim Life Safety Measures?		
Has the facility's chief executive officer, administrator, or executive director approved the plan?		
Does the environment-of-care or safety committee review the plan on an annual basis?		
Does your facility contact the local fire marshal, local fire chief, state fire marshal, and state department of health to review the plan on an annual basis?		
Does your facility ensure all staff members (including healthcare providers, nurse practitioners, physician assistants, dentists, and volunteers) are trained and aware of the procedures contained in the plan?		
Fire Drills		
Does your facility conduct fire drills to ensure all staff members know what to do in case of fire or smoke condition?		
Are fire drills conducted on every shift once each quarter on a rotating basis?		
Do staff members in the adjacent floors/smoke compartments clear the corridors as part of the fire drill?		
Are the adjacent floors/smoke compartments observed during fire drills?		
Is it verified that windows and doors are closed and portable fans are shut off?		
Are kitchen fire drills conducted annually?		
In the kitchen, are the main gas shut-off valves labeled for emergency use?		

	Yes	No
Staff Responsibilities and Training		
Do staff members recognize the need for immediate action in the event of a smell of smoke or burning, visible smoke, or flames?		
Do staff members know what actions they should take to ensure residents remain safe in case of a fire?		
Are staff members aware of primary and secondary exit routes, the closest fire alarm pull stations (and how to active them), the closest portable fire extinguisher, the closest electrical panel, and contact numbers for the fire department in case the fire alarm system is not functioning?		
Do staff members know how to move residents quickly and safely?		
Do staff members know the physical and mental limitations of each resident?		
Have staff members been trained to use Med Sleds or similar patient evacuation devices?		
Are staff members trained to move residents in the immediate area of the fire horizontally into the next smoke compartment? (Vertical movement of residents into a fire stairwell is possible but labor intensive.)		
Are staff members trained to <i>not</i> use an elevator in a fire emergency?		
If a fire or smoke condition occurs, are staff members trained to call an internal emergency number followed by calling 911 to report where the fire is, what is burning, and whether any residents are trapped?		
Do staff members understand the terms RACE and PASS and follow these protocols if a small fire occurs?		
If any appliance, tool, or piece of medical equipment generates sparks or smoke, or emits unusual odors, do staff members follow the RACE protocol and unplug the piece of electrical equipment if possible?		
Once the condition is mitigated, do staff members notify risk management and ensure the piece of equipment is replaced?		

	Yes	No
Staff Responsibilities and Training (continued)		
If any appliance, tool, or medical equipment results in a resident or staff injury or burn, is the device sequestered?		
Do staff members close doors and windows and shut off portable fans, vents, hoods, and heating/air conditioning units in the immediate area of the fire or smoke condition?		
Are staff members taught to place wet towels around door openings, chute openings, and elevator doors to limit smoke travel if needed?		
Does the facility have an overhead or other type of paging system used for "Code Red" or "Code Fire" announcements?		
Are designated staff members trained to announce fire and smoke situations, including the location of the emergency?		
Can staff members hear the page if the fire alarm system is out of service? Are fire announcements repeated three times?		
Are staff members (including housekeeping) extremely cautious in areas where fires could be more likely to occur, especially kitchens, dining facilities, and laundry rooms?		
Extinguishers		
Are all staff members trained on how to operate fire extinguishers at orientation and during annual training?		
Have staff members been trained to only use a fire extinguisher if a fire is small and to maintain their back to the exit?		
Are staff members knowledgeable about the different types of extinguishers in the facility (e.g., pressurized water, carbon dioxide, multipurpose dry chemical, and wet chemical)?		
Have staff members been trained on the classifications of fire (Class A, Class B, Class C, Class D, and Class K), and are they aware that extinguishers are labeled based on the class of fire they are designed to extinguish?		

	Yes	No
Extinguishers (continued)		
When training staff members on using extinguishers, are staff members specifically trained on how to use a Class K extinguisher?		

Resources

For more guidance on this topic, see MedPro's *Checklist: Fire Response in Senior Care Facilities: Infrastructure Aspects.* Another helpful resource is the National Fire Protection Association's Codes and Standards.

This document does not constitute legal or medical advice and should not be construed as rules or establishing a standard of care. Because the facts applicable to your situation may vary, or the laws applicable in your jurisdiction may differ, please contact your attorney or other professional advisors if you have any questions related to your legal or medical obligations or rights, state or federal laws, contract interpretation, or other legal questions.

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